(b) Master Plan for Delhi 2021 envisages the development of the different types of houses through Public, Co-operative and Private sectors. About 40% of the housing need can potentially be satisfied through redevelopment/up-gradation of existing areas of Delhi and the remaining 60% can be met in new areas to be developed as urban extension. About 75,000 DUs per annum in different categories would have to be developed in the Urban Extensions. The MPD 2021 also proposes the involvement of private sector in land assembly and housing development.

Land to hospitals on concessional rates

1941. SHRI TARINI KANTA ROY: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the number of private hospitals and clinics that were allotted land in New Delhi and Delhi on concessional rates; and

(b) whether there is any provision to keep free beds in all these hospitals and clinics?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI AJAY MAKEN): (a) Delhi Development Authority (DDA)/Land and Development Office (L&DO) have reported that land has been allotted to 59 hospitals and 12 dispensaries at zonal variant rates, which are generally lower than market rates.

(b) The allotment conditions, in case of some of the hospitals, stipulate provision of certain percentage of free beds.

Digital mapping of cities

†1942. SHRI AJAY MAROO: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have decided to have digital mapping of certain selected cities of the country;

(b) if so, the aims of the plan;

(c) whether the plan include any city of Jharkhand State; and

(d) the present status of the plan?

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI S. JAIPAL REDDY): (a) Ministry of Urban Development has launched National Urban Information System (NUIS) Scheme in March, 2006 which comprises two components: (a) urban Spatial Information System (USIS) to meet the spatial requirements of urban Planning, and (b) National Urban Databank and Indicators (NUDB&I) to develop town level urban database. 137 cities/ towns from different States and Union territories are covered under this scheme.

(b) Major objectives of the NUIS Scheme are to:

(i) develop attribute as well as spatial information base for various levels of urban planning;

(ii) develop urban indices; and

(iii) build capacity of decision makers, planners and engineers from urban local bodies.

NUIS Scheme is also aimed at establishing a comprehensive information system for planning, development and management of urban local bodies. The digital maps and Geographic Information System (GIS) databases are useful for preparation of Master Plan, Zonal Plans, Utility Plans and detailed town planning schemes. The digital information is also useful for infrastructure development, disaster management, environment monitoring, natural resources management, etc.

(c) Five towns, *viz.* Bokaro Steel City, Dhanbad, Jamshedpur, Mango and Ranchi from Jharkhand State have been included under NUIS Scheme.

(d) The present status of the NUIS scheme is as under:

* The work of generation of GIS database and mapping for 137 towns and cities have been assigned to Survey of India (SOI). Central Share of Rs. 16.24 crore has been released to SOI. as 1st instalment for mapping and State share of Rs. 7.12 crore has been sanctioned by 25 States/Union Territories.

* SOI has initiated procurement of satellite images for 65 towns in 16 States and images have already been received for 5 towns in 2States for mapping at 1:1000 scale.

* For mapping at 1:2000 scale, aerial photography is planned for 11 towns in 3 States and SOI has started the construction of monuments for Ground Control Points (GCPs) in 19 towns in 5 States.

* 116 personnel have been trained in 6 training programmes as part of capacity building programme under NUIS Scheme for application of Remote Sensing (RS) and GIS in urban and regional planning.

Metro train in South Delhi

1943, SHRI DHARAM PAL SABHARWAL: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government plan to introduce underground metro train in South Delhi;

(b) if so, the details of Government's plan and the names of stations identified by Delhi Metro Rail Corporation; and

(c) the estimated cost of the project and by when new line(s) would be completed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI AJAY MAKEN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Central Secretariat to Qutab Minar corridor of length 12.525 km. which is totally underground, has been sanctioned by the Government for implementation as part of Delhi MRTS Project Phase II. The stations planned in this corridor are Central Secretariat, Udyog Bhawan, Race Course, Jor Bagh, INA, AHMS, Green Park, Hauz Khas, Malviya Nagar, Saket and Qutab Minar.

Central Secretariat to Badarpur corridor of length 20.16 km. (5.16 km. underground and 15 km. elevated) has been taken up by Delhi Metro Rail Corporation (DMRC) Ltd. For approval of Government as part of Phase II of Delhi MRTS Project, The stations planned in this corridor are Central Secretariat, Khan Market, Jawahar La! Nehru Stadium, Jangpura, Lajpat Nagar, Moolchand, East of Kailash, Nehru Place, Kalkaji Mandir, Govind Puri, Okhla, Jasola, Sarita Vihar, Mohan Estate, Tughlakabad and Badarpur.

(c) The estimated completion cost of the above corridors as reported by DMRC Ltd. Are Rs. 3299 crore and Rs. 3603 crore respectively. These lines are planned for completion by the year 2010 before Commonwealth Games.